SENATE BILL No. 46

Introduced by Senator Alarcon

January 5, 2005

An act to amend Sections 11750, 11750.1, 11751.35, 11752.6, 11752.8, and 11873 of, to add Section 11750.5 to, and to repeal and add Article 2 (commencing with Section 11730) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 2 of, the Insurance Code, and to add Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 180) to Division 1 of, and to add Section 6401.9 to, the Labor Code, relating to workers' compensation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 46, as introduced, Alarcon. Workers' compensation insurance. Existing law generally regulates workers' compensation insurance rates. Existing law requires that rates be adequate to cover an insurer's losses and expenses, that they not tend to create a monopoly in the market, and that they not be unfairly discriminatory. Existing law requires workers' compensation insurers to file rates with the Insurance Commissioner, and allows the commissioner to disapprove rates that violate these provisions.

This bill would require, instead, that workers' compensation rates not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory, as described. The bill would revise the workers' compensation rate regulation procedures by establishing the Commission Workers' on Compensation Rate Regulation, which would be responsible for setting pure premium rates, for adopting a uniform experience rating plan, for issuing minimum and maximum expense multipliers to be used by insurers, and for hearing appeals of rate decisions, as specified. The commission would be composed of the Governor, the Attorney General, and the commissioner, or their designees. The bill would set forth procedures for the conduct of public hearings on rate regulation, including procedures for the participation of intervenors $SB 46 \qquad \qquad -2-$

and of a public advocate to be appointed by the Governor. The bill would require the commission to establish a policyholder ombudsman to provide information and assistance to policyholders regarding workers' compensation classifications and rates, and to prepare certain reports.

Existing law requires the commissioner to designate a rating organization to serve as his or her statistical advisor, to develop a classification system, to submit advisory pure premium rates to the commissioner, and to perform other specified duties. Existing law requires the commissioner to approve, disapprove, or modify the advisory pure premium rates submitted by the rating organization.

This bill would require the commission to designate a rating organization for the purposes described above. It would specify how the membership of the board of the rating organization is to be constituted.

Existing law requires that a workers' compensation insurer adhere to an experience rating plan. Existing law requires that an experience rating plan contain reasonable eligibility standards, provide adequate incentives for loss prevention, and provide for sufficient premium differentials so as to encourage safety.

This bill would, in addition, allow an employer to obtain a certificate of merit based upon the employer's safety program. It would require an insurer to provide a credit in a specified amount to an employer that obtains a certificate of merit. The bill would also require an insurer to grant a credit to an employer that provides health insurance to its employees, as specified, and a credit to an employer that has not had a claim during the previous 2 years.

The bill would prohibit a workers' compensation insurer from classifying a policyholder based upon the policyholder's entire business, and would require that an insurer, upon request of the insured, classify employees in separate operations differently. It would require that an employer provide accurate information regarding the classification of its employees. A violation of this provision by an employer would be a crime pursuant to other provisions of law. By expanding the scope of an existing crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law establishes the State Compensation Insurance Fund for the purpose of transacting workers' compensation and related insurance, and exempts the fund from specified provisions of law applicable to other state agencies generally. Existing law requires _3_ SB 46

every domestic insurer to submit to the commissioner, by a specified date, certain financial reports, including a risk-based capital report, as defined. Existing law allows the commissioner to take specified actions if this report indicates that certain financial conditions exist, and requires him or her to take other actions if the report indicates that certain other conditions exist.

This bill would exempt the State Compensation Insurance Fund from these provisions regarding risk-based capital.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Article 2 (commencing with Section 11730) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code is repealed.

SEC. 2. Article 2 (commencing with Section 11730) is added to Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code, to read:

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Article 2. State Rate Supervision

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- 11730. The following definitions govern the construction and meaning of the terms used in this article:
- (a) "Classification system" or "classification" means a plan, system, or arrangement for recognizing differences in exposure to hazards among industries, occupations, or operations of insurance policyholders.
- (b) "Commission" means the Commission on Workers' Compensation Rate Regulation established pursuant to Section 180 of the Labor Code.
- 19 (c) "Expenses" means that portion of any rate attributable to 20 acquisition, field supervision, collection expenses, general 21 expenses, taxes, licenses, and fees.

SB 46 —4—

 (d) "Experience rating" means a rating procedure utilizing past insurance experience of the individual policyholder to forecast future losses by measuring the policyholder's loss experience against the loss experience of policyholders in the same classification to produce a prospective premium credit, debit, or unity modification.

- (e) "Loss trending" means any procedure for projecting developed losses to the average date of loss for the period during which the policies are to be effective.
- (f) "Market" means the interaction between buyers and sellers of workers' compensation insurance within this state pursuant to the provisions of this article.
- (g) "Pure premium rate" means that portion of the rate which represents the loss cost per unit of exposure, including loss adjustment expense.
- (h) "Rate" means the cost of insurance per exposure base unit, prior to any application of individual risk variations based on loss or expenses considerations and does not include minimum premiums.
- (i) "Rating organization" means the entity designated by the commission pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 11734.
- (j) "Statistical plan" means the plan, system, or arrangement used in collecting data.
- (k) "Supplementary rate information" means any manual or plan of rates, classification system, rating schedule, minimum premium, policy fee, rating rule, rating plan, and any other similar information needed to determine the applicable premium for an insured.
- (1) "Supporting information" means the experience and judgment of the filer and the experience or data of other insurers or organizations relied on by the filer, the interpretation of any statistical data relied on by the filer, descriptions of methods used in making the rates, and any other similar information required to be filed by the commission.
- 11731. This article applies to workers' compensation insurance and employers' liability insurance written in connection therewith.
- 38 11732. (a) Rates shall not be excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.

5 SB 46

(b) A rate shall not be held to be excessive unless the rate is unreasonably high for the insurance coverage provided.

- (c) A rate shall not be held to be inadequate unless the rate is unreasonably low for the insurance coverage provided and any of the following is true:
- (1) The continued use of the rate endangers the solvency of the insurer.
- (2) The use of the rate has or will have the effect of destroying competition among insurers, creating a monopoly, or causing a form of insurance to be unavailable to a significant number of applicants who are in good faith entitled to procure the insurance through ordinary methods.
- (d) A rate shall not be held to be unfairly discriminatory if, after allowing for practical limitations, price differentials reflect equitably the difference in expected losses and expenses. A rate of an insurer shall not be held to be unfairly discriminatory because different premiums result for policyholders with like loss exposures but different expenses, or like expenses but different loss exposures, as long as the rate reflects the differences with reasonable accuracy.
- 11733. In determining whether rates comply with Section 11732, the following criteria shall apply:
- (a) Due consideration may be given to past and prospective loss and expenses experience within this state, to catastrophe hazards and contingencies, to events or trends within this state, to loadings for leveling premium rates over time or for dividends or savings to be allowed or returned by insurers to their policyholders, members or subscribers, and to all other relevant factors, including judgment.
- (b) The expense provisions included in the rates to be used by an insurer shall reflect the operating methods of the insurer and, so far as is credible, its own actual and anticipated expense experience.
- (c) The rates may contain a provision for contingencies and an allowance permitting a reasonable profit. In determining the reasonableness of the margin for underwriting profit and contingencies, consideration shall be given to all after-tax investment profit or loss from unearned premium and loss reserves attributable to workers' compensation insurance, as well as the factors used to determine the amount of reserves.

 $SB 46 \qquad \qquad -6-$

11734. (a) The commission shall designate a rating organization to assist it in gathering, compiling, and reporting relevant statistical information, developing a classification system, and establishing pure premium rates. Every workers' compensation insurer shall record and report its workers' compensation experience to the rating organization as set forth in the uniform statistical plan approved by the commission.

- (b) The rating organization shall develop and file manual rules, subject to the approval of the commission, reasonably related to the recording and reporting of data pursuant to the uniform statistical plan, uniform experience rating plan, and any classification systems that may be in effect. Every workers' compensation insurer shall adhere to the approved manual rules and experience rating plan in writing and reporting its business. No insurer shall agree with any other insurer or with a rating organization to adhere to manual rules that are not reasonably related to the recording and reporting of data pursuant to the uniform statistical plan or classification system developed by the rating organization.
- (c) The commission may order that each insurer file for prior approval, subject to the provisions of this article, any changes to its manuals of classification, manuals of rules and rates, and rating plans the insurer proposes to use for that specified classification, type, or kind of insurance. The order shall state, in writing, the reasons for the commission's decision to order the filing. An order issued under this subdivision shall expire two years after the date of issuance. If an order is in effect, rates to which the order applies shall be filed at least 30 days before their proposed effective date. Failure of the commission to act within 30 days after submittal constitutes approval.
- 11735. (a) The commission shall establish pure premium rates in accordance with the following procedure:
- (1) The rating organization shall file recommended pure premium rates with the commission. The commission shall make the recommended rates public.
- (2) Each insurer shall file with the commission the loss adjustment expense or other expense multipliers that it desires to use in setting rates.

7 SB 46

(3) The commission shall hold a hearing in accordance with Section 11735.5 on the adequacy of the rates and the expense multipliers submitted by insurers.

- (4) Within 30 days of the conclusion of the hearing, the commission shall do each of the following:
- (A) Issue the pure premium rates applicable to all workers' compensation policies.
- (B) Issue minimum and maximum expense multipliers applicable to all workers' compensation insurance policies. Any insurer that desires to use an expense multiplier that does not fall within the range established by the commission shall obtain the commission's approval pursuant to Section 11738.
- (b) The commission shall not approve a pure premium rate that violates Section 11732.
- (c) The commission shall not approve a minimum or maximum expense multiplier that fails to accurately reflect reasonable expenses for workers' compensation insurers, based upon evidence introduced at the hearing required under paragraph (3) of subdivision (a).
- 11735.5. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that a fair system of workers' compensation rate regulation requires a public hearing that is open and inclusive. Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that the commission encourage the intervention of individuals and groups interested in the setting of workers' compensation insurance rates, and that the commission allow a high level of public participation in the hearing.
- (b) The hearing required by paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of Section 11735 shall be conducted in a manner that allows for the examination and cross-examination of witnesses by all authorized participants.
- (c) The commission shall designate the individuals and groups that are authorized to call witnesses and otherwise participate in the proceedings. The commission shall designate the public advocate appointed by the chair pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 181 of the Labor Code as an authorized participant, and shall authorize the participation of any other persons or groups designated by the public advocate.
- (d) The public advocate shall, prior to the hearing, solicit intervention by members of the public interested in the setting of workers' compensation insurance rates. The public advocate

SB 46 —8—

shall authorize the participation of intervenors in a manner that will allow all reasonable perspectives and interests to be represented at the hearing. The public advocate may retain experts as needed to serve as witnesses and to assist in evaluating the information that is the subject of the hearing.

- (e) An intervenor may present evidence, examine and cross-examine witnesses, file written arguments, and conduct discovery. An intervenor's participation may be subject to reasonable limitations imposed by the chair for the purpose of conducting an orderly and efficient hearing. An intervenor shall be subject to discovery, and its witnesses may be cross-examined.
- (f) Except as expressly provided in this section, the hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act.
- 11736. (a) The commission shall, after notice and hearing in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, adopt a uniform experience rating plan.
- (b) Every workers' compensation insurer shall adhere to the uniform experience rating plan adopted by the commission.
- 11737. (a) Every insurer shall file with the commission on an annual basis its expenses attributable to workers' compensation.
- (b) Information required pursuant to this section shall be filed in the form and manner prescribed by the commission. The information shall be open to public inspection at any reasonable time. Copies may be obtained by any person upon request and the payment of a reasonable charge.
- 11738. (a) If an insurer desires to use a rate that does not conform to the applicable pure premium rate issued by the commission, as modified by an expense multiplier that falls within the expense multiplier range approved by the commission, the insurer shall apply to the commission for its approval of the rate.
- (b) The commission may disapprove a rate if the insurer fails to comply with the filing requirements of this article.
- (c) The commission shall disapprove rates if the commission determines that premiums charged, in the aggregate, resulting from the use of the rates or the rates as modified by any supplementary rate information, would violate Section 11732.

9 SB 46

(d) If the commission intends to disapprove rates pursuant to this section, the commission shall serve notice on the insurer of the intent to disapprove and shall schedule a hearing to commence within 60 days of the date of the notice.

- (e) If the commission disapproves rates after the hearing pursuant to subdivision (d), the commission shall immediately serve notice on the insurer of the disapproval.
- (f) If the commission disapproves a rate, the commission shall issue an order specifying in what respects the rate fails to meet the requirements of this article and stating when, within a reasonable period thereafter, that rate shall be discontinued for any policy issued or renewed after a date specified in the order. The order shall be issued within 20 days after the notice prescribed in subdivision (e) is served.
- (g) Whenever an insurer has no legally effective rates as a result of the commission's disapproval of rates or other act, the commission shall specify interim rates for the insurer that protect the interests of all parties, and may order that a specified portion of the premiums be placed in an escrow account approved by the commission. When new rates become legally effective, the commission shall order the escrowed funds or any overcharge in the interim rates to be distributed appropriately, except that refunds of less than ten dollars (\$10) per policyholder shall not be required.
- (h) Upon the written application of the insurer and insured, stating its reasons therefor, filed with the commission, a rate in excess of that otherwise applicable may be used on any specific risk.
- (i) Any insured may appeal a decision of the commission under this section, and shall be entitled to a hearing before the commission.
- 11739. Notwithstanding Section 679.70, the commission may not issue, nor may any insurer use, any classification system or rate, as applied or used, that violates Section 679.71 or 679.72 or that violates the Unruh Civil Rights Act.
- 11740. An experience rating plan shall contain reasonable eligibility standards, provide adequate incentives for loss prevention, and shall provide for sufficient premium differentials so as to encourage safety.

SB 46 — 10 —

11740.2. (a) An insurer shall provide a 5 percent discount, beyond any experience modification rate or other discount, to an employer that obtains a certificate of merit pursuant to Section 6401.9 of the Labor Code.

- (b) An insurer shall provide a credit, beyond any experience modification rate or other discount, to an employer that provides health insurance to its employees in accordance with the proposed requirements set forth in Chapter 673 of the Statutes of 2003.
- (c) (1) An insurer shall provide a credit, beyond any experience modification rate or other discount, to an employer that has not filed a workers' compensation claim within the preceding two years.
- (2) An employer shall not make or cause to be made any knowingly false or fraudulent statement regarding an injured worker's entitlement to benefits with the intent to discourage the injured worker from claiming benefits or pursuing a claim. A violation of this paragraph shall be punishable pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 1871.4.
- 11740.4. (a) The single enterprise rule or similar rule requiring a workers' compensation insured to be classified according to the entire business in which the insured is engaged shall not be used. Upon request of an insured, an insurer shall classify employees in separate operations of a business in different classifications consistent with the insurer's rate system filing if payroll information is supplied to the insurer for each operation requested to be in a separate classification.
- (b) An employer shall provide accurate information to its insurer, to the rating organization, and to the commission with respect to the classification of each employee. Any willful provision of false information in this regard shall constitute a violation of Section 11760.
- 11741. A classification shall take no account of any physical impairment of employees or the extent to which employees may have persons dependent upon them for support.
- 11742. (a) An insurer shall not use any plan for the payment of dividends to policyholders by reason of a participating provision in a workers' compensation insurance policy which is unfairly discriminatory.

—11— SB 46

(b) Every insurer issuing workers' compensation insurance policies under the laws of this state shall file annually with the rating organization information relating to dividend payments made to its policyholders. Information filed shall be in sufficient detail to permit the rating organization to prepare, for the commission's review and approval, a report showing in the aggregate for all companies premiums earned, losses paid, losses incurred, and dividends paid the preceding calendar year under policies containing a participating provision, separately by premium size and loss ratio categories, as may reasonably be prescribed by the commission.

- (c) Information submitted by individual companies pursuant to this section shall be confidential and not subject to public disclosure under any law of this state.
- 11743. (a) The Legislature finds and declares that the insolvencies of more than a dozen workers' compensation insurance carriers have seriously constricted the market and led to a dangerous increase in business at the State Compensation Insurance Fund. Yet more than 200 insurance companies are still licensed to offer workers' compensation insurance in California. Unfortunately, many employers do not know which carriers are offering coverage, and it is both difficult and time consuming to try to get information on rates and coverages from competing insurance companies. A central information source would help employers find the required coverage at the best competitive rate.
- (b) The commission shall maintain, on the previously established Internet Web site, an online rate comparison guide showing workers' compensation insurance rates for the 50 insurance companies writing the highest volume of business in this line during the two preceding years.
- (c) The online comparison shall display rates for each class set forth in the classification system adopted by the commission pursuant to Section 11734, shall include the effective date of each rate, and shall list the rates for each class from the lowest to the highest rate, any minimum premiums by classification, and any geographical restrictions.
- (d) The commission, after recommendation from the rating organization shall determine the cost savings achieved in the workers' compensation reform legislation enacted in the 2003-04 legislative session and any subsequent reforms. Each insurer

SB 46 —12—

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shall certify, in the form and manner determined by the commission, that its rates reflect those cost savings. The certifications shall be made available to the public on the Internet Web site maintained by the commission.

11744. The commission shall authorize the organization to compute how pure premium data that has been previously collected would have been affected by any significant change in a law resulting from a subsequent statute or subsequent court decision, if the change in the law were in effect before the pure premium data had been collected. The rating organization shall determine the effect that such a legal change would have had in a manner that reasonably reflects the legal change. The determination of the rating organization shall be disseminated only after approval or amendment by the commission. The commission shall approve, reject, or amend the determination to reasonably reflect the effects of the legal change within 30 days after the determination is submitted to the commission. If the commission fails to approve, reject, or amend the determination within the 30 days, the determination shall be deemed approved.

11745. (a) On or before May 15, 2006, and on or before each May 15 thereafter, the commission shall make a determination as to whether a reasonable degree of competition in the workers' compensation insurance market exists on a statewide basis. If the commission determines that a reasonable degree of competition in the worker's compensation insurance market does not exist on a statewide basis, the commission shall hold a public hearing and shall issue a report delineating specific classifications and kinds or types of insurance, if any, where competition does not exist. The report shall be based on relevant economic tests, including, but not limited to, those in subdivision (c). The findings in the report shall not be based on any single measure of competition, but appropriate weight shall be given to all measures of competition. Any person who disagrees with the report and findings of the commission may request a contested hearing pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act not later than 60 days after issuance of the report.

(b) If the results of the report issued under subdivision (a) are disputed or if the commission determines that circumstances that the report was based on have changed, the commission shall issue a supplemental report to the report under subdivision (a),

-13- SB 46

which shall include a determination of whether or not a reasonable degree of competition exists in the worker's compensation insurance market. The supplemental report shall be issued not later than November 15 immediately following the release of the report under subdivision (a) that this report supplements, and shall be supported by substantial evidence.

- (c) All of the following shall be considered by the commission for purposes of subdivisions (a) and (b):
- (1) The extent to which any insurer controls all or a portion of the workers' compensation insurance market. In making a determination under this paragraph, the commission shall use all insurers in this state, including self-insurers and group self-insurers, as a base for calculating market share.
- (2) Whether the total number of companies writing workers' compensation insurance in this state is sufficient to provide multiple options to employers.
- (3) The disparity among workers' compensation insurance rates and classifications to the extent that the classifications result in rate differentials.
- (4) The availability of workers' compensation insurance to employers in all geographic areas and all types of business.
 - (5) The residual market share.

- (6) The overall rate level that is not excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory.
 - (7) Any other factors the commission considers relevant.
- (d) The reports required under subdivisions (a) and (b) shall be forwarded to the Governor, to the Speaker of the Assembly, and to the President Pro Tem of the Senate.
- 11746. The commission shall study, on an ongoing basis, proposals on changing classification systems and experience modification factors, and instituting new merit rating plans.
- 11747. The commission shall establish a policyholder ombudsman. The policyholder ombudsman shall be a person with sufficient knowledge of the workers' compensation ratemaking process to provide information and assistance to policyholders in obtaining and evaluating the information provided in Article 3 (commencing with Section 11750) and this article, and in Sections 3761 and 3762 of the Labor Code. The commission shall provide compensation for the ombudsman and necessary staff and other necessary resources to allow the

SB 46 — 14 —

ombudsman to provide prompt and complete service to workers' compensation policyholders of this state. The policyholder ombudsman may advise the policyholder in any dispute with insurers or the rating organization, or on appeal to the commission.

SEC. 3. Section 11750 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

11750. (a)—The purpose of this article is to promote the public welfare by regulating concert of action between insurers in collecting and tabulating rating information and other data that may be helpful in the making of adequate pure premium rates for workers' compensation insurance and for employers liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith for all admitted insurers and in submitting them to the commissioner for approval; to authorize and regulate the existence and cooperation of qualified rating organizations to one of which each workers' compensation insurer shall belong; to authorize and regulate cooperation between insurers, rating organizations and advisory organizations in ratemaking and other related matters to the end that the purposes of this chapter may be complied with and carried into effect.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, within 60 days of receiving an advisory pure premium rate filing made pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 11750.3, the Insurance Commissioner shall hold a public hearing, and within 30 days of the conclusion of the hearing, approve, disapprove, or modify the proposed rate.
- SEC. 4. Section 11750.1 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 11750.1. As used in this article, unless a different meaning is manifest, the term:
- (a) "Insurer" means every insurer authorized to transact workers' compensation insurance and employer's liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith in this state, including the State Compensation Insurance Fund;
- (b) "Rating organization" means any organization which has as its primary object or purpose the collecting of loss and expense statistics and other statistical information and data, the making of pure premium rates and those rating plans authorized by Section 11734 for workers' compensation insurance and

-15- SB 46

employer's liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith and presenting them to the commissioner for approval;

- (c) "Insurance" means workers' compensation insurance and employer's liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith;
- (d) "Willful" or "willfully" in relation to an act or omission which constitutes a violation of this article means with actual knowledge or belief that such act or omission constitutes such violation and with specific intent to commit such violation.
- (e) "Advisory organization" means every person, group or organization, other than an insurer, whether located within or without this state, which prepares policy forms or underwriting rules incidental to or in connection with workers' compensation insurance and employer's liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith or which collects and furnishes to admitted insurers or rating organizations loss statistics or other statistical information and data relating to workers' compensation insurance and employer's liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith and acts in an advisory capacity to such insurers or rating organizations as distinguished from a ratemaking capacity. No duly authorized attorney at law acting in the usual course of his profession shall be deemed to be an advisory organization.
- (f) "Employer's liability insurance incidental thereto and written in connection therewith" means insurance of any liability of employers for injuries to, or death of, employees arising out of, and in the course of, employment when this insurance is incidental to, and written in connection with, the workers' compensation insurance issued to the same employer and covering the same employer interests.
- (g) "Commission" means the Commission on Workers' Compensation Rate Regulation established pursuant to Section 180 of the Labor Code.
- SEC. 5. Section 11750.5 is added to the Insurance Code, to read:
- 11750.5. (a) The rating organization designated by the commission pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 11734 shall be governed by a board of directors, the membership of which shall be as follows:

SB 46 -16-

1 (1) Six members who represent workers' compensation 2 insurers in the state.

- (2) Two members who represent employers in the state.
- (3) Two members who represent organized labor.
- (4) Two members who represent the general public.
- (b) Each member of the board shall serve for a term of one year.
- (c) (1) Of the members specified in paragraph (1) of subdivision (b), one shall represent the State Compensation Insurance Fund. The other five of these members shall be appointed by the commission from recommendations made by the insurance industry of this state, and shall generally be representative of small, medium, and large insurers.
- (2) The members specified in paragraphs (2) through (4), inclusive, of subdivision (b) shall be appointed by the commission.
- SEC. 6. Section 11751.35 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 11751.35. (a) Four members of the public, two representing organized labor and two representing insured employers, appointed pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 11751.3, shall be entitled to serve on the managing or governing committee of a rating organization licensed under this article. A public member of a rating organization licensed under this article shall be entitled to vote on all issues involving pure premium rates, classifications, rating plans, rating systems, manual rules and policy, and endorsement forms which are properly brought before the committee. A public member shall be removed by the commissioner commission only for cause.
- (b) In the event a public member is unable or unwilling to complete his or her term, after consultation with the California Labor Federation, AFL-CIO, other statewide organized labor organizations, and statewide organizations representing business, as the case may be, the commissioner commission shall appoint a successor from organized labor or an insured employer to complete the unexpired term.
- (c) The public members who serve on the governing committee of a rating organization licensed under this article together may, by a majority vote, retain experts who shall include a fellow of the Casualty Actuarial Society, to advise them on any

—17— SB 46

matter specified in subdivision (a). The actuary hired may participate in all proceedings of the actuarial committee of the rating organization. The reasonable expense of retaining these experts shall not exceed one hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$100,000) per year and shall be paid from the budget of the department. The commissioner shall increase this amount annually to reflect any needed cost-of-living adjustments. The public members may submit information obtained from these experts, as well as any other information they deem appropriate, to the commissioner for his or her consideration in approving a change of any matter specified in subdivision (a).

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(d) In addition to the expenses authorized pursuant to subdivision (e), the public members who serve on the governing committee of a rating organization licensed under this article may expend up to an additional one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000) per year, which shall be paid by insurer members of the rating organization. Those funds shall be used to retain staff, who shall be hired by a majority vote of the public members.

The public members may also retain staff, who shall be hired by a majority vote of the public members. The reasonable expense of retaining these experts and staff members shall not exceed three hundred thousand dollars (\$300,000) per year and shall be paid from the budget of the commission. The commission shall increase this amount annually to reflect any needed cost-of-living adjustments. The public members may submit information obtained from these experts, as well as any other information they deem appropriate, to the commission for its consideration in approving a change of any matter specified in subdivision (a).

SEC. 7. Section 11752.6 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:

11752.6. (a) A licensed rating organization shall make available, in writing, to an employer insured under a workers' compensation policy, all policyholder information contained in its records upon request of the employer and after notice to the employer's insurer.

(b) As used in this section, "policyholder information" means all information relating to the employer's loss experience, claims, classification assignments, and policy contracts. Policyholder information also includes information relating to rating plans,

SB 46 — 18—

rating systems, manual rules, and any other information that impacts the policyholder's pure premium rates.

- (c) If a licensed rating organization rejects an employer's request for policyholder information, the rating organization shall notify the employer in writing of the reasons for the rejection. An employer whose request has been rejected in whole or in part may appeal to the commissioner commission in accordance with Section 11753.1. If the commissioner commission finds that the reasons for the rejection are not justified, he or she it may order the rating organization to furnish that information to the employer.
- (d) No licensed rating organization or member of the organization, or member of a committee of a licensed rating organization when acting in its capacity as a member of the committee, or officer or employee of a licensed rating organization, when acting within the scope of his or her employment, is liable to any person for injury, personal or otherwise, or damages caused or alleged to have been caused, either directly or indirectly, by the disclosure of information to an employer under this section or for the accuracy or completeness of the information disclosed.
- (e) This section does not imply the existence of liability in circumstances not defined in this section, nor does it imply a legislative recognition that, except for enactment of this section, a liability has existed or would exist in the circumstances stated in this section.
- (f) This section does not limit any authority of a licensed rating organization to disclose information contained in its records to others.
- (g) There shall be established in all licensed rating organizations a policyholder ombudsman. The policyholder ombudsman shall be a person with sufficient knowledge of the workers' compensation ratemaking process to provide information and assistance to policyholders in obtaining and evaluating the information provided in Article 2 (commencing with Section 11730) and this article, and in Sections 3761 and 3762 of the Labor Code. Every rating organization licensed in this state shall provide compensation for the ombudsman and necessary staff and other necessary resources to allow the ombudsman to provide prompt and complete service to workers'

-19- SB 46

eompensation policyholders of this state. The policyholder ombudsman may advise the policyholder in any dispute with insurers or the rating organization that the ombudsman serves, or on appeal to the commissioner as provided in Section 11737.

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- (h)—For all policies of insurance issued or renewed on or after January 1, 1994, the insurer shall advise the policyholder in writing of the following:
- (1) The policyholder's right to request a written report containing the information set forth in this section from the licensed rating organization of which the insurer is a member, and the policyholder's right to contact the policyholder ombudsman to assist in obtaining and evaluating information relating to rates, together with the telephone number and address of the ombudsman, as well as the policyholder's right to contact the department commission to resolve a dispute with an insurer, as provided in this section and Section 11737 11738.
- (2) If a participating policy, that upon payment or nonpayment of a dividend the policyholder shall be provided a written explanation, in clear and understandable language, setting forth the basis of the calculation and expressing any dividend in both dollar amount and as a percentage of earned premium under the policy.
- (3) The date when the insurer is required to file the first unit statistical report with the licensed rating organization designated by the commissioner commission.
- SEC. 8. Section 11752.8 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 11752.8. (a) For all policies of insurance issued, or renewed for the first time on or after January 1, 1995, the insurer shall provide a notice, approved by the commissioner commission, to the policyholder, explaining in easily understandable language the workers' compensation rating laws. For policies issued or renewed between January 1, 1994, and January 1, 1995, inclusive, the insurer shall include a notice to the policyholder, in easily understandable language, containing a summary of the changes in the rating laws enacted during the 1993–94 Regular Session of the Legislature.
- (b) For all policies of insurance issued, or renewed on or after January 1, 2006, the insurer shall provide a notice, approved by the commission, to the policyholder, explaining in easily

SB 46 — 20 —

understandable language the workers' compensation laws. The notice shall include a separate highlighted section explaining the right of the employer to appeal classification determinations and highlighting other appeal rights available to the policyholder pursuant to Section 11753.

- (c) The notice required by this section may be combined with the notice required by subdivision- $\frac{h}{g}$ of Section 11752.6.
- SEC. 9. Section 11873 of the Insurance Code is amended to read:
- 11873. (a) Except as provided by subdivision (b), the fund shall not be subject to the provisions of the Government Code made applicable to state agencies generally or collectively, unless the section specifically names the fund as an agency to which the provision applies.
- (b) The fund shall be subject to the provisions of Chapter 10.3 (commencing with Section 3512) of Division 4 of Title 1 of, and Division 5 (commencing with Section 18000) of Title 2 of, the Government Code, with the exception of all of the following:
- (1) Article 1 (commencing with Section 19820) and Article 2 (commencing with Section 19823) of Chapter 2 of Part 2.6 of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- (2) Sections 19849.2, 19849.3, 19849.4, and 19849.5 of the Government Code.
- (3) Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 19993.1) of Part 2.6 of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- (c) Notwithstanding any provision of the Government Code or any other provision of law, the positions funded by the State Compensation Insurance Fund are exempt from any hiring freezes and staff cutbacks otherwise required by law. This subdivision is declaratory of existing law.
- (d) The fund shall not be subject to Article 4.1 (commencing with Section 739) of Chapter 1 of Part 2 of Division 1.
- SEC. 10. Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 180) is added to Division 1 of the Labor Code, to read:

Chapter 8. Commission On Workers' Compensation Rate Regulation

180. (a) There is in the Department of Industrial Relations, the Commission on Workers' Compensation Rate Regulation,

—21— SB 46

hereafter referred to in this chapter as the commission. The commission shall be composed of three members: the Governor, the Attorney General, and the Insurance Commissioner, or their designees.

- (b) The Governor or his or her designee shall serve as chair of the commission.
- 181. (a) The commission may employ necessary assistants, officers, experts, hearing officers, and any other employees that it deems necessary, including expert actuaries, and at least one employee who is a member of the Casualty Actuarial Society. All personnel of the commission shall be under the supervision of the chair of the commission or an appointed executive officer to whom the chair delegates this responsibility.
- (b) All personnel shall be appointed pursuant to the State Civil Service Act (Part 2 (commencing with Section 18500) of Division 5 of Title 2 of the Government Code). The salaries of the hearing officers shall be fixed by the State Personnel Board at a rate comparable to that of other referees or hearing officers in state service whose duties and responsibilities are comparable, without regard to whether the other positions have membership in the State Bar of California as a prerequisite to appointment.
- (c) In addition to an executive director, the chair shall appoint a public advocate.
- 182. The commission shall have all powers necessary to exercise its authority and perform its duties pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 11730) and Article 3 (commencing with Section 11750) of Chapter 3 of Part 3 of Division 2 of the Insurance Code.
- 183. (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 62.5, the Workers' Compensation Administration Revolving Fund may be expended by the department, upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the administration of the commission.
- (b) For the purposes of the commission, the funds directed to the commission shall consist of assessments made pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 62.5, excluding self-insured programs.
 - SEC. 11. Section 6401.9 is added to the Labor Code, to read:
- 37 6401.9. (a) On or before January 1, 2006, the Division of 38 Workers' Compensation, in cooperation with the Division of 39 Occupational Safety and Health and the Department of
- 40 Insurance, shall establish criteria for a certificate of merit based

SB 46 — 22 —

on whether an employer has an effective injury and illness prevention program (IIPP), including an effective joint employer-employee occupational safety and health committee or safety liaison.

- (b) An eligible employer may apply for a certificate of merit that shall entitle the employer to a 5 percent discount from the insurance carrier or group self-insurance fund beyond any experience modification rate or other discount standard to the workers' compensation insurance industry. An eligible employer may also use the certificate of merit to meet one of the qualifications for a responsible bidder pursuant to Sections 1200 and 1201 of the Public Contract Code.
- (c) The criteria for the certificate of merit shall include, at a minimum, all of the following:
- (1) No employer shall be eligible for a certificate unless the employer has in place an effective IIPP and an effective joint employer-employee occupational safety and health committee or safety liaison.
- (2) If an employer is not required to have a committee or liaison, he or she may voluntarily implement a committee or liaison in order to take advantage of the incentives described in subdivision (b).
- (3) The employer shall not be eligible to apply for a certificate of merit until the committee or liaison has been operating effectively for at least six months.
- (d) The employer shall submit an application, under penalty of perjury, for an initial certificate or biannual renewal certificate to the Division of Workers' Compensation. The application form shall be accompanied by documentation as determined by the Division of Workers' Compensation in cooperation with the Division of Occupational Safety and Health and the Department of Insurance.
- (e) The criteria for the certificate of merit shall conform with, among other criteria to be determined by the Division of Workers' Compensation in cooperation with the Division of Occupational Safety and Health and the Department of Insurance, the size of the employer, whether the employer is on a high or low hazard industry list, the lost-workday case incident rate, and the employer's experience modification rate, if any.

-23 - SB 46

SEC. 12. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution.